

What the world thinks
pdsa

for pets in need of vets

## pdsa <br> for pets in need of vets

PDSA's history in the UK dates back to
1917. During that time the charity has had a huge impact on animal health and welfare across the UK, providing around 100 million free treatments to more than 20 million sick and injured pets. Today, PDSA's work goes beyond just treating pets in its 50 PetAid hospitals UK-wide; the charity is a leading authority on pet wellbeing and is committed to providing education on all aspects of responsible pet ownership.

## YouGov <br> What the world thinks

YouGov is one of the UK's leading research companies, providing accurate insights into what people are thinking and doing all over the world, all of the time. The most quoted research agency in the UK, YouGov has an established track record of consistently accurate and high quality survey data, representing all ages, socio-economic groups and other demographic types. YouGov is thrilled to be working with PDSA to gain an even deeper understanding of pet ownership behaviours during 2012.

## Issues in focus 2012



In 2011 we launched the first ever PDSA Animal Wellbeing (PAW) Report in conjunction with YouGov, which highlighted the many health and welfare issues facing the UK's dogs, cats and rabbits. This was the biggest report of its kind produced which gave the most comprehensive insight ever into the state of animal wellbeing in the UK.

While revealing we are a nation of animal lovers, the Report also highlighted a number of significant welfare issues facing pets in the UK. There is a widespread misunderstanding of how to meet pets' needs and over ten million pets are not as healthy and happy as they should be - with many suffering in silence from preventable conditions.

As the UK's leading veterinary charity, we simply cannot ignore this and want to do all we can to improve the physical healith and mental wellbeing of pets.





Richard Hooker BVMS IHons, MRCVS PDSA Director of Veterinary Services

This year, the PAW Report focuses in even more detail on four of the most alarming pet health and welfare issues revealed in the PAW Report 2011. We have asked pet owners, veterinary professionals and for the first time, children, indepth questions to find out what they truly think, feel and believe when it comes to these issues. This is so we can provide the support they need to help them achieve a better life for all pets.

## Issue 1 <br> Issue 3

$\Theta$
The importance of a suitable diet so that pets don't suffer and die prematurely from obesity-related conditions such as diabetes, arthritis or heart disease.

## Issue 2



The importance of training and socialising dogs to ensure that they are well behaved, so they don't scare or altack people or other pets.


The importance of preventive treatments
to protect pets from lifethreatening diseases and promote responsible ownership.

## Issue 4

1The importance of researching pet ownership and associated costs before even taking on a pet to help reduce the high numbers of unwanted and abandoned pets.

## needs of millions of pets

Pet ownership benefits people in so many ways, and we all have a responsibility to work towards giving our pets the lives they deserve.

Owners rarely set out deliberately to cause suffering, but until there is a deeper understanding of what pets need in order to
lead happy and healthy lives, improving pet wellbeing will continue to be a challenge.

At PDSA our vision is a healthy life for all our pets and we pledge to help educate the nation to prevent the preventable, and continue treating the sick and injured pets of people in need.

We can't do this on our own, so join our
campaign to help make a better life for pets.
\#abetterlifeforpets
a better life for pets

We haye surveyed
466
vets \& vet nurses

## 3,956 pet owners

## The five welfare needs



Malke sure your pels are fed a suitable diet for their age, breed and health


Companionship
Ensure your pets are in good health and seek veterinary advice if they become ill

## Why do they matter?

## The Animal Welfare Act 2006* introduced a

 'duty of care' for all pet owners to meet the welfare needs of their pets. These requirements are split into five areas that act as a simple framework to help owners ensure their pets have good physical health and mental wellbeing.*When referring to the Animal Welfare Act this includes the Animal Welfare Act 2006 covering England and Wales, the Animal Health and Welfare (Scotland) Act 2006, which applies to the whole of Scotland, and the Welfare of Animals Act (Northern Ireland) 2011.


## pdsa.org.uk/



## Our pet nation

Pets continue to be a big part of people's lives. The following statistics give an insight into just how important they are.

*includes all pets, not just cats,
dogs and rabbits




## Diet/summary



## What we know ...

The 2011 PAW Report provided the most compelling evidence to date that too many people are sharing junk food with their pets.

Pets need diets that are suitable for their species, age, health and body size.

... and it's entirely preventable.

## 6

I am pleased to see PDSA stressing the important message that pet obesity is entirely preventable. Prevention is vital to reduce the number of overweight and obese pets, and a key benefit of PDSA's research would be to help set a national agenda on pet obesity prevention. PDSA's research shows that owners are aware of the harmful consequences of pet obesity, and yet many continue to feed treats. Many owners report that this makes them and their pet feel happy, but somehow the act of feeding those treats needs to be linked with the future upset that occurs when pets are diagnosed with diabetes, arthritis and other serious diseases. Obesity and these associated diseases reduce both a pet's quality of life and life expectancy. Pets may feel happy at the moment they are given a treat, but it's essential that owners consider their future health and wellbeing as well.

## Dr Alex German

Leading animal obesity specialist at University of Liverpool Veterinary School

## Diet/infocus

We have dug even deeper into owners' understanding of pet diets and this is what we have found.

Despite a good understanding among owners of the pet obesity problem and what contributes to it, pet obesity levels continue to rise.
of owners are awore that food meant for humans shouldn't be part of a perts daily diet.

## 97\%

of owners understand that their pets will have a
shortened life span if they
are overweight.


of owners understand that pets can get the same obesity related conditions as people.

## Diet/in focus


what to give owners give their pets a treat (excluding treats for training)

While owners acknowledge that pets will have a shortened life span and an increased likelihood of ill health due to obesity, it appears this isn't translating into positive action. Pets' diets are being influenced by human emotion rather than an understanding of what they really need.


## Diet/in focus



## thought

While three-quarters of all vet practices offer clinics and information about pet diets and there is a wealth of advice available to owners about healthy diets, the pet obesity problem continues to rise.


of cat owners with an overweight cat believe that their cat's shape is as it should be.

This suggests a significant misunderstanding of what a healthy shape should look like.

The number of owners feeding their cats treats is $90 \%$ compared to $86 \%$ last year.


$44 \%$
of rabbit owners continue to feed rabbit muesli as their rabbits' main source of food.

Many owners may think this is typical 'rabbit food', but may not be aware it is actually unsuitable for rabbits and linked to dental and digestive health problems.

Rabbits should eat at least their own body size own body size each day
but 36\% don't.
This is an improvement from last year when $45 \%$ of rabbits weren't eating enough hay or grass.



## 21

## PEGILFE EPECTE

Build up activity levels gradually, as a pet shouldn't go from couch potato to marathon runner overnight.

Encouraging play and games is a great way to increase a pet's activity levels.

## PREUEMTIUN TS EETTER THH CUPE

Preventing obesity is much easier than getting a pet to lose weight. A good diet when a pet is young is essential.

## GUT OUT THE TFEHTS

Feeding a pet even a small treat can significantly increase their daily calorie intake. If you give your pet a treat, perhaps for training purposes, reduce the amount of food given in their main meal on that day.

## and co <br> \section*{EHLMMEE DIET}

Weight loss requires a combination of the right diet and the right amount of exercise. Many owners feed 'by eye' and it's easy to overfeed pets accidentally, so use scales to weigh out the daily food allowance and follow packet feeding guidelines.

## SEEK UETERTHFP GDUTCE

PDSA advises owners to speak to their vet before making major changes to their pet's diet or activity levels. In some pets, such as cats and rabbits, rapid weight loss can be dangerous or even fatal, so it's important for a vet or vet nurse to oversee the weight loss to ensure it is gradual and safe.

## WOU THE HEFLTHY SHPFE FOR YOUR PET

 Many owners don't know what a healthy shape is for their pet. Owners should ask their vet or visit the PDSA website for advice and guidance on a correct body shape for their pet at
## pdsa.org.uk/obesity

exercise


## THE MLTIOH NOU

Some owners are worried about seeking advice for their overweight pet for fear of being prosecuted. However, cases of prosecution for pet obesity are very rare and are usually a result of owners continually ignoring advice from their vet over a period of time.


PDSA helped six-year-old Labrador Lucky to shed a quarter of his body weight as part of its ongoing work to help tackle pet obesity. And Lucky's weight loss journey prompted his owner to go on a diet too.

Owner Alyson explains: 'I decided when Lucky started his diet with PDSA that I would go on a diet too. All the extra exercise Lucky was getting resulted in me losing five stone, so it's been a real weight loss journey for
both of us. When he was overweight he struggled to walk properly because of pain in his joints and hated all types of exercise.'


## For better or worse?

## 20112012 change

Dog owners who say their dog is overweight or obese


Cat owners feeding their cats treats

## -

Owners feeding rabbit muesli as one of their rabbits' main types of food


44\%

Owners feeling well informed about providing a suitable diet for their pet




## Behaviour/summary

## Problem behaviour in dogs continues to be a serious public and pet safety issue.

Each year there are awful stories of dogs attacking pets and children - sometimes with fatal consequences. This has to stop.

Around 5.3 million dogs never attended training classes

In 2011 the PAW Report revealed that over one million dogs display aggressive behaviour towards people and pets on a weekly basis which includes growling, snarling, and biting.

The public has already told us that they feel the current dangerous dogs laws may not be as effective as they could be, with an overwhelming 87\%

Last year, our research found
 of owners who had their dogs as puppies did not adequately socialise them.

Why is this happening?
In some cases, dogs are deliberately trained to be aggressive. In the majority of cases, a lack of socialisation and basic obedience training when dogs are young are

## 46

Good puppy socialisation and training classes undoubtedly help to reduce the initial development of dog aggression, but it is also essential to provide our pets with guidance in good behaviour, at home and elsewhere, throughout their lives. 'Training' should be synonymous with 'living with' and never stops.

David Ryan
PG Dip (CABC) CCAB,
Clinical Animal Behaviourist

$40 \%$ of dog owners would consider giving up their dog because of aggressive bend on put to sleep aggression and $22 \%$ because of uncontrollable behaviour. 67\% of pet owners have been concerned or frightened by another dog's behaviour, an increase of 3\% on last year. Worryingly, 65\% of children have also been frightened or scared by the way a dog has behaved towards them. $81 \%$ of owners agree the Government should take the issue of dangerous dogs more seriously.
84\% of pet own be aggressive. are more of owners also feal the

## sehoviour/in focus


$0-2$ Nxa?

Should dogs always be on a lead in public?
Yes say

of cat owners

of rabbit owners

of vets and nurses


## Behaviour/in focus

We asked dog owners to report what types of problem behaviour their pets show on a regular basis. These included destructive behaviour; aggression towards people; aggression towards other pets; growling or snarling; fighting and biting other dogs. We have used these answers to develop a geographical insight into problem behaviour hotspots UK-wide.

> Carefully socialising dogs in the first few months of their life will reduce the risk of serious behavioural problems later on.

Northern Ireland 24\% East of England 20\% Northeast 19\% Yorkshire \& Humber 19\% London 18\% Midlands 17\% Scotland 16\% Southwest 15\%<br>Southeast 14\%<br>Northwest 12\%<br>Wales 8\%



## Behaviour/in focus



## Tracy Arnold

from Gillingham knows how important correct training and socialisation are for dogs. Her own dog, Fifi, was attacked and injured by a larger dog, while out walking last year.

## Case study

You also said


$81 \%$ of owners with an aggressive dog agree that inappropriate or inadequate training leads to aggressive behaviour. $79 \%$ believe that problems can be due to a lack of positive experiences as a puppy.

## Behaviour/in focus

PDSA believes that addressing problem behaviour in dogs requires a combination of education and new legislation.
$B$
Amendments to dangerous dog laws to focus on deed not breed.

BCompulsory microchipping
to identify dogs and their owners.

3 Education and advice on training and socialisation that is accessible for everyone.

# For better or worse? 

## 2011

## 2012 change

Dogs that never attended training classes in their first 6 months of life

Dogs showing aggression towards people


Dogs showing aggression towards other pets

Pet owners who think people should face tougher penalties if their dog attacks another person or animal


Pet owners who have been frightened or concerned by another dog's behaviour


# Health/in f(ocus 

Preventive health in focus

## Health/summary

## 4

The whole veterinary team is there to help keep your pet healthy and happy. Vets aren't just there when something goes wrong; you can talk to them about preventive healthcare throughout your pet's life. Our number one recommendation to pet owners is to register with a local veterinary practice.

The British Veterinary Association

This year we investigated why the uptake of preventive care is low.

This is what owners told us...

Top 3 reasons for not taking up preventive care for pets...



Don't
believe in it

Not necessary

Not out unsupervised
$\qquad$



Worried
about personality change

 | Not | about |
| :--- | :--- |
| necessary |  |\(\quad \begin{aligned} \& Has an <br>

\& ID tag\end{aligned}\)


We also looked at why pets weren't being insured or registered with a vet...

## Not insured

In all species the top 2 answers were it's too expensive and it's not necessary.


In all species the top 2 answers were that you can just turn up and that it's not necessary as the pet is fine.

> Older pet owners lover 55 years old) are significantly more likely to have had their pet neutered, had booster vaccinations, microchipped their pet, treated them for fleas and registered with a vet.

## Health/in focus



The top reason given by male pet owners as to why they haven't had their pet neutered (given by $24 \%$ of men with unneutered pets) is because they don't believe in it.
Only $11 \%$ of female owners gave this reason. The top reason for women is that it's too expensive (16\%).


Cats are such prolific breeders that if we didn't neuter them, we would have a population explosion that would result in sick, stray and abandoned cats roaming the streets. As a nation of animal lovers, I don't think anyone would find this acceptable.

Many cat owners don't realise that cats can get pregnant as early as four months of age so we are working to encourage cat neutering at around four months of age, which is a significant move away from the traditional six months.

## Maggie Roberts

Director of Veterinary Services at Cats Protecfion.

There are no benefits to letting a pet have a litter before she is spayed, and the longer you leave it the higher the risk that she will get a serious disease such as breast cancer.


## Microchipping

Cats stray and dogs can get stolen. Without a microchip you may never see your pet again. Microchipping is quick, simple and cheap. PDSA is part of the Microchip Alliance and supports compulsory microchipping for all dogs.

of the veterinary profession and
of pet owners support compulsory microchipping for dogs

Microchipping has a number of welfare and social benefits. To find out more, visit


## Heallh/ntocus.

## He pusimirone

 pet heolth y ccross he UL bydonochery ot heselting in toon to Mes.Register with a veterinary practice for advice and support on all aspects of your pett's welllbeing.

For better
or worse?


Neutered
 Insured


These results show an encouraging trend in the uptake of preventive care since the 2011 PAW Report.

# Ownership/ in $\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{C}) \mathrm{CuS}$ 



## 49

Owners remain in the dark about what is involved in keeping a pet

## Ownership/summary

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\text { In the PAW Report } 2017 \text { we }
$$ revealed that while we are a nation of animal $\boldsymbol{\cup}$ lovers, many of us do not fully understand what our \& pets need, are unaware of the laws surrounding pet ownership and our duty of care, and have no idea about the costs and long-term

commitment involved E when we take on a pet. Owning a pet can be a very enjoyable and fulfilling experience with both physical and mental benefits I for owners, and we owe it to

orour pets to ensure we can give them everything they need throughout their lives. (3) (ㅇ) (2) (3)

## Ownership/in focus

## The Animal Welfare Act



The Animal Welfare Act and the five welfare needs contained within it provide pet owners are familiar with the Animal Welfare Act.
a simple framework to help owners understand their responsibilities.

92\%
of pet owners agree that all pet owners should have a basic understanding of the five animal welfare needs as outlined in the Animal Welfare Act 2006. This has increased from 89\% last year.

Yet the number of pet owners who have heard of the Act has decreased from $78 \%$ to $75 \%$ since the last Report and the number of owners who feel familiar with the Act is only $31 \%$.
$96 \%$ of veterinary professionals say there is value in encouraging owners to understand the five welfare needs contained within the Act.

But only $15 \%$ of owners were given any information about the five welfare needs when they got their pet and a further $24 \%$ of pet owners were not given any advice on any aspect of health or welfare when they got their pet.

Information needs to be even more accessible and relevant to pet owners both when they first get a pet and throughout the pet's life.

## To find out about the five welfare needs for all pets, visit

## pdsa.org.uk/



Owners and community groups can book talks from PDSA veterinary nurses or complete an e-learning module on pet health and welfare topics.

Pet Care videos and leaflets can also be found there or join us on Facebook or Twitter to chat to other pet owners.
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## Ownership/in focus



Choosing the right pet and considering the lifetime costs are both extremely important for potential pet owners.

Half of owners decided to acquire a pet to make the owner happy (49\%). But nearly a quarter (23\%) of owners find owning a pet is harder work than they expected so making the right decision is vital.

There are many factors to consider including which rype of pet would be most suitable and where to get the animal from. Worryingly, we have found that $42 \%$ of pet owners would consider getting a pet from the internet, allowing inappropriate breeding practices to continue and increasing the chances of people taking on pets that are inappropriate for their lifestyle.
$24 \%$ would consider getting a dog from a puppy farm. $23 \%$ of pet owners did no research at all before taking on their pet.

If you are struggling with your pet, contact your veterinary practice or visit

## pdsa.org.uk

for help and advice

For information on choosing the right pet for your lifestyle, information on costs and where to get your pet from, visit the award-winning Your Right Pet at


Our research showed that the average time spent choosing a pet was often less than the time spent thinking about buying Christmas presents or a TV, and staggeringly, behind choosing a holiday. Owners invested the most time deciding on a car and house.

A pet could live for over 20 years and cost over $£ 30,000$ during its lifetime, so how much time do people spend making that important decision of which pet would be most suitable for them?

15\% longer choosing Christmas presents, energy and insurance providers, holidays, TVs or cars than they do choosing a pet.

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a
Our research shows where owners' priorities lie when it comes to preparing for pet ownership. Given that pets are thinking and feeling animals, it is unacceptable that they are given less thought than a holiday. This needs to change.

Nicola Martin Head of Pet Health and Welfare, PDSA

## Ownership / in focus

## In 2011 we found that very few owners understood the cost of ownership.

Nearly half (47\%) of vets and vet nurses feel that cost is one of the least well understood aspects of pet ownership and only $12 \%$ of pet owners were given information about lifetime costs by the person who sold them their pet.

Cost should be a vital consideration for anyone deciding to take on a pet. The results opposite highlight that a large proportion of owners still vastly underestimate the lifetime costs of pet ownership.


The likely costs above are based on estimates calculated by PDSA using current market prices and include: initial costs of the purchase of pet(s); neutering; first vaccinations; microchipping and accessories as well as the ongoing costs of food; boosters; pet insurance; toys; grooming; worming and cat litter in the case of cats. They do not include veterinary costs if a pet becomes sick or injured, so these average lifetime costs could be even higher.


## $1 / 0$

 of pet owners would consider giving up their pet due to the associated costs if they became too expensive.This increases to

among 18-24-year-old pet owners.

## The law

68\% of young people have a pet in their household, yet only $7 \%$ of them have heard of the 5 animal welfare needs. If this knowledge is not acquired before they become pet owners themselves, future pets are at risk of not having their needs met.

While 58\% of children know that pets are protected by the law, only $25 \%$ have actually heard of the Animal Welfare Act.

## Fducating together

Tackling this lack of education about the legal requirement to provide for a pet's welfare needs is essential. One of the ways in which PDSA is working to improve this situation is through a new team of Community \& Education Veterinary Nurses employed to educate
the public and run workshops in schools teaching thousands of children to care for animals.

## pdsa.org.uk/education

## Learning about pets

Only 16\% have been taught at school about caring for pets and yet $76 \%$ think they should be.

65\% think that everyone should have to take a test before taking on a pet.

The major animal welfare charities and organisations have formed the Animal Welfare Education Alliance and all the resources available to teachers to help children learn about pet care can be found at:
peteducationresources.co.uk


## Pet triends

The main reasons young people give for wanting a pet is that...
... they are fun to play with.

... they want them to be their friend.

... because they are cute.


Dogs are the pet they would most like to have. Results indicate that young people prioritise personality and looks over health when choosing a dog although when questioned $79 \%$ state that it is not acceptable to breed a dog for looks over health.

When asked how much a pet would cost to look after for a year the


This amount would be spent on food alone, highlighting the need to provide better education about costs so that young people understand what is involved if they take on a pet in the future. This is supported by the finding that $21 \%$ of $18-24$-year-olds have found the overall cost of pet ownership is more than they had expected.

## 縕 nation or animal lovers?

While 70\% of young people think most people in the UK love animals, they also said that the biggest issue they saw facing pets was neglect and lack of care.

## The voice of the profession

Not understanding the cost of pet ownership


Lack of pre-purchase education on pet choice

## The veterinary profession has identified its top 3

 concerns relating to pet care and ownership in general.They also felt that lack of understanding of the cost of pet ownership is likely to have the greatest welfare implication for pets in 10 years time.

Veterinary professionals are still the main source of pet care advice for three-quarters of pet owners, with nearly half of owners now also using the internet, and a quarter asking friends and family, as well as referring to books.


## The top 3 welfare concerns in different pet species：

## cats

全low uptake of neutering

multi－cat households chronic stress

## dogs

全aggressive behaviour A obesity A inadequate socialisation

## rabbits

全
inappropriate diet
dental disease
inadequate space
for exercise

| Pet insurance should be <br> compulsory for all owners | $55 \%$ | $36 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| It is acceptable to leave a <br> child unattended with a dog | $20 \%$ | $20 \%$ |
| I have been concerned <br> or frightened by a dog＇s <br> behaviour | $92 \%$ | $67 \%$ |
| Children＇s play areas should <br> be dog－free zones | $77 \%$ | $82 \%$ |
| The UK is a nation of <br> animal lovers | $83 \%$ | $87 \%$ |
| Owners must take full <br> responsibility for their <br> dogs＇behaviour | $99 \%$ | $95 \%$ |
| Microchipping should be <br> made compulsory for all dogs | $96 \%$ | $79 \%$ |
| Dog licences should be <br> reintroduced | $78 \%$ | $67 \%$ |

Anyone breeding puppies should be licensed and regulated to meet certain
 standards

HM Government should take the issue of dangerous dogs more seriously


Owners should face tougher penalties if their dog attacks another person or animal
Prospective owners should pass a test before taking on a pet


# A better life for pets 

## What PDSA has done

## During 2011 alone we ...

Launched Your Right Pet, an award-winning online tool designed to help prospective pet owners choose the right pet for their lifestyle.

Set up a team of Pet Wellbeing Nurses to work in local communities offering free health checks, talks and schools workshops.

Introduced preventive services for our clients including neutering, vaccination, microchipping, worming and flea treatment.

Became Patrons of the Advisory Council on the Welfare Issues of Dog Breeding to make a difference to the lives of future generations of dogs.

Completed over 50,000 free health checks for dogs through our PetCheck programme over the last 10 years.


We will be running a series of initiatives based on the biggest issues, all with the aim of achieving a better life for pets.

We will be working with the Veterinary profession to offer more accessible advice to help people choose the right pet from the right place and ensure pet ownership is an enjoyable experience.

We are playing an active part in the Education Alliance securing a place for the five welfare needs in the National Curriculum and educating the pet owners of the future.

We are working with Cats Protection to promote their early neutering scheme to all our clients and petAid hospital staff.

We have created a Pet Wellbeing Task Force so that each of our PetAid hospitals can tackle the issues that concern them the most.

We are launching our first ever Pet Wellbeing Month to promote the five welfare needs to all our clients.

We are partners in Rabbit Awareness Week, educating rabbit owners on what their rabbits need.

## A better life for pets...

What can YOU -paweport do?

Give your pet a Pet wellbeing check.


Visit one of our PetCheck
vehicles or book a Wellbeing Nurse visit for your school or community group and find out how you can help achieve a better life for pets.
pdsa.org.uk/ - petcheck

Help us treat even more sick and injured pets some things just can't be prevented and we want to make sure we are always here for pets in need - visit
pdsa.org.uk/ - build

Parents - enrol a child to the PDSA Pet Protectors Club to help us teach more young children about caring for pets.

Watch our brand new animation to find out more about the state of our pet nation.

pdsa.org.uk/ pawreport

## Make your voice heard

 and tell us how you will make a difference at
## And if you can...


and help us continue our work on behalf of the UK's pets.

You can donate over the phone on 08000199166 or online at pdsa.org.uk And remember, you can also leave a gift in your will or donate
unwanted clothes
to one of our charity stores. Plus, you could volunteer or even get involved in fundraising. To find out how, visit our website.

## Have <br> your say...

## Join us on Facebook and Twitter to tell us what you think...

HAUE YOU EUER BEEH BITTEH OR ATTACKE E $A$ DOG:

DI YDI FTM FET OWHESHIP IS HUT WHT YOU EXPECTED TT TO EE:

HOU DO YOU THINK THE PET DEESTY CRITS SHOULD BE TACKED?

DI YOI THIMK THERE SHOUL
EE DUGFRE PLAMURUHE
FOE CHILEREM:
SHOULD FETS BE SOLD OH THE THTEEHET?
DO YOU KHOW WHERE
TO GO TO GET ADUICE
GBOUT PET UELEEETG?


Join our campaign \#abetterlifeforpets
and help us improve pet wellbeing today.


## References

When referring to the Animal Welfare Act this includes the Animal Welfare Act 2006 covering England and Wales, the Animal Health and Welfare (Scotland) Act 2006 which applies to the whole of Scotland, and the Welfare of Animals Act (Northern Ireland) 2011.
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208217 \& SC037585

